

Name the vertex and sides of the angle. Write two names for each angle.



Use a protractor to measure each angle to the nearest degree.



Use the Angle Addition Postulate to find the measure of the unknown angle.



State whether the angle appears to be *acute*, *right*, *obtuse*, or *straight*. Then estimate its measure.



In a coordinate plane, plot the points and sketch  $\angle ABC$ . Classify the angle. Write the coordinates of a point that lies in the interior of the angle and the coordinates of a point that lies in the exterior of the angle.

<b>13.</b> <i>A</i> (2, -4)	<b>14.</b> $A(-2, 1)$	<b>15.</b> <i>A</i> (4, 3)
B(-1, -1)	B(1, 4)	B(2, -2)
C(4, 1)	<i>C</i> (7, 2)	C(-3, 0)

Lesson 1.4

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