

9-7 Practice

Form K

Linear, Quadratic, and Exponential Models

Graph each set of points. Which model is most appropriate for each set?

1. $(-3, -1), (-2, 0), (-1, 1), (0, 2), (1, 3)$

2. $(0, 3), (1, 1), (2, 0), (3, 1)$

3. $(-2, -0.25), (-1, -0.5), (0, -1), (1, -2)$

4. $(-4, 0), (-2, 2), (0, 3), (2, 2), (4, 0)$

5. $(-6, 6), (-4, 4), (-2, 2), (0, 0)$

6. $(-2, 0.25), (-1, 0.5), (0, 1), (1, 2)$

Which type of function best models the data in each table? Use differences or ratios.

7.

x	y
0	0
1	-2
2	-8
3	-18
4	-32

8.

x	y
0	1
1	-3
2	-9
3	-27
4	-81

9. Which type of function best models the ordered pairs $(-1, 1), (0, -2), (1, 1),$ and $(2, 10)$? Use differences or ratios.

10. Which type of function best models the ordered pairs $(-1, 2.5), (0, 1), (1, -0.5),$ and $(2, -2)$? Use differences or ratios.

9-7 Practice (continued)

Form K

Linear, Quadratic, and Exponential Models

Which type of function best models the data in each table? Write an equation to model the data.

11.

x	y
0	-2
1	-4
2	-8
3	-16
4	-32

12.

x	y
0	-2
1	-5
2	-8
3	-11
4	-14

13.

x	y
0	1
1	1.5
2	3
3	5.5
4	9

14.

x	y
-2	12
-1	6
0	3
1	1.5
2	0.75

Which type of function best models the data in each ordered pair? Write an equation to model the data.

15. $(-1, 4), (0, 5), (1, 4), (2, 1), (3, 24)$

16. $(-2, -36), (-1, -12), (0, -4), (1, -\frac{4}{3}), (2, -\frac{4}{9})$

17. $(0, -6), (4, -5), (6, -4.5), (8, -4), (12, -3)$

18. $(-1, -6), (0, -1), (2, -3), (3, -10), (4, -21)$