

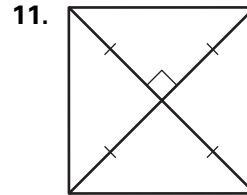
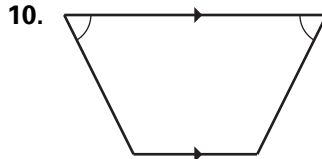
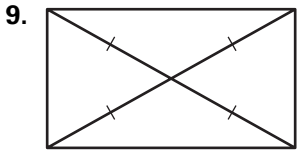
**Practice A**

For use with pages 364–370

Match the property on the left with all of the quadrilaterals that have the property.

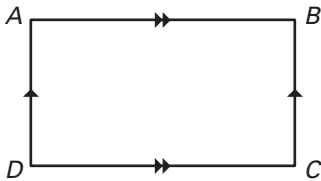
- |   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| 1. Both pairs of opposite sides are parallel.         | A. Parallelogram       |
| 2. Both pairs of opposite sides are congruent.        | B. Rectangle           |
| 3. Both pairs of opposite angles are congruent.       | C. Rhombus             |
| 4. Exactly one pair of opposite sides are parallel.   | D. Square              |
| 5. Exactly one pair of opposite sides are congruent.  | E. Trapezoid           |
| 6. Exactly one pair of opposite angles are congruent. | F. Isosceles Trapezoid |
| 7. Diagonals are congruent.                           | G. Kite                |
| 8. Diagonals are perpendicular.                       |                        |

Identify the special quadrilateral. Use the most specific name.

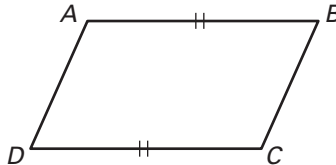


Which two segments or angles must be congruent to enable you to prove  $ABCD$  is the given quadrilateral? Explain your reasoning. There may be more than one right answer.

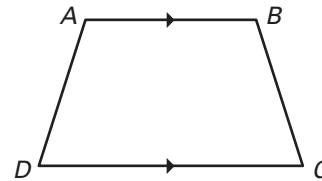
12. rectangle



13. parallelogram



14. isosceles trapezoid



What kind of quadrilateral is  $PQRS$ ? Justify your answer.

